FLIGHT SUMMARY REPORT

Flight Number:

95-197

Calendar/Julian Date: 29 September 1995 • 272

Sensor Package:

Modis Airborne Simulator (MAS) Radiation Measurement System (RAMS) Cloud Lidar System (CLS) Video Imaging System (VIS)

Area(s) Covered:

Investigator(s): Valero, Scripps

Aircraft #: 708

SENSOR DATA

| Accession #: | | | **** | |
|----------------|-----------|------|-------|-----|
| Sensor ID #: | 108 | 112 | 113 | 118 |
| Sensor Type: | MAS | RAMS | CLS | VIS |
| Focal Length: | **** | | | |
| Film Type: | | **** | | *** |
| Filtration: | | *** | ***** | |
| Spectral Band: | | | | |
| f Stop: | | *** | | |
| Shutter Speed: | | | | |
| # of Frames: | | | | |
| % Overlap: | | | | |
| Quality: | | | **** | |
| Remarks: | CART site | | | |

ARESE CONFIGURATION
ATMOSPHERIC RADIATION MEASUREMENTS ENHANCED SHORTWAVE EXPERIMENT **LOCATION BERGSTROM** LEFT SUPERPOD **AIRCRAFT 708** · RAMS * Q-BAY · RAMS ** SYS 20 POD RIGHT SUPERPOD · MAS * • RC 10 * NOSE

Airborne Science and Applications Program

The Airborne Science and Applications Program (ASAP) is supported by three ER-2 high altitude Earth Resources Survey aircraft. These aircraft are operated by the High Altitude Missions Branch at NASA-Ames Research Center, Moffett Field, California. The ER-2s are used as readily deployable high altitude sensor platforms to collect remote sensing and in situ data on earth resources, celestial phenomena, atmospheric dynamics, and oceanic processes. Additionally, these aircraft are used for electronic sensor research and development and satellite investigative support.

The ER-2s are flown from various deployment sites in support of scientific research sponsored by NASA and other federal, state, university, and industry investigators. Data are collected from deployment sites in Kansas, Texas, Virginia, Florida, and Alaska. Cooperative international scientific projects have deployed the aircraft to sites in Great Britain, Australia, Chile, and Norway.

Photographic and digital imaging sensors are flown aboard the ER-2s in support of research objectives defined by the sponsoring investigators. High resolution mapping cameras and digital multispectral imaging sensors are utilized in a variety of configurations in the ER-2s' four pressurized experiment compartments. The following provides a description of the digital multispectral sensor(s) and camera(s) used for data collection during this flight.

Cloud Lidar System

The Cloud Lidar System (CLS) is flown on the ER-2 to conduct cloud radiation and severe storm field experiments. Designed to operate at high altitudes in order to obtain measurements above the highest clouds, the instrument provides the true height of cloud boundaries and the density structure of less dense clouds. The height structure of cirrus, cloud top density and multiple cloud layers may also be profiled. System specifications are as follows:

Transmitter

Laser Type:

Nd:YAG I,II 1064, 532 nm

Wavelength: Pulse Energy:

90, 30 mJ

PRF:

10 Hz 1 mrad

Beamwidth:
Data Acquisition:

Measurements at 20m intervals at 200 m/sec aircraft speed

Receiver

Diameter:

0.15 m

Beamwidth:

1.4 mrad

Polarization:

v & h

Data System

Range Resolution:

7.5 m

Number of Channels:

7.5 m

Samples per Channel:

3310

Record Capacity:

8 hours

For additional information regarding this instrument contact Dr. James Spinhirne, NASA-Goddard Space Flight Center, Code 917, Greenbelt, MD 20771.

Modis Airborne Simulator

The Modis Airborne Simulator (MAS) is a modified Daedalus multispectral scanner configured to replicate the capabilities of the Moderate-Resolution Imaging Spectrometer (MODIS), an instrument to be orbited on an EOS platform. MODIS is designed for the measurement of biological and physical processes and atmospheric temperature. The Modis Airborne Simulator records fifty 12-bit channels of multispectral data and is configured as follows:

| Spectral | Band center | Bandwidth | Spectral | |
|----------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|--|
| Channel | 1 | (μm) | Range | |
| 1 | 0.549 | 0.044 | 0.527-0.571 | |
| 2 | 0.658 | 0.053 | 0.631-0.684 | |
| 3 | 0.704 | 0.033 | 0.683-0.725 | |
| 4 | 0.745 | 0.041 | 0.725-0.766 | |
| 5 | 0.786 | 0.041 | 0.765-0.807 | |
| 6 | 0.827 | 0.042 | 0.806-0.848 | |
| 7 | 0.869 | 0.042 | 0.848-0.891 | |
| 8 | 0.909 | 0.033 | 0.893-0.926 | |
| 9 | 0.947 | 0.046 | 0.924-0.970 | |
| 10 | 1.608 | 0.053 | 1.582-1.635 | |
| 11 | 1.670 | 0.052 | 1.644-1.695 | |
| 12 | 1.723 | 0.052 | 1.698-1.748 | |
| 13 | 1.775 | 0.05 | 1.750-1.800 | |
| 14 | 1.825 | 0.046 | 1.802-1.849 | |
| 15 | 1.88 | 0.045 | 1.856-1.901 | |
| 16 | 1.93 | 0.45 | 1.909-1.954 | |
| 17 | 1.98 | 0.048 | 1.955-2.003 | |
| 18 | 2.03 | 0.048 | 2.005-2.053 | |
| 19 | 2.08 | 0.047 | 2.056-2.103 | |
| 20 | 2.128 | 0.047 | 2.105-2.152 | |
| 21 | 2.177 | 0.047 | 2.154-2.201 | |
| 22 | 2.227 | 0.047 | 2.203-2.250 | |
| 23 | 2.276 | 0.047 | 2.253-2.300 | |
| | 2.326 | 0.047 | | |
| | | | | |
| 24 25 | 2.326 2.375 | 0.047 0.047 | 2.303-2.350 2.351-2.398 | |

| Spectral | | Bandwidth | Spectral |
|----------|--------|-----------|---------------|
| Channel | (µm) | (µm) | Range |
| 26 | 2.958 | 0.136 | 2.889-3.026 |
| 27 | 3.119 | 0.123 | 3.058-3.181 |
| 28 | 3.265 | 0.146 | 3.192-3.338 |
| 29 | 3.437 | 0.142 | 3.366-3.509 |
| 30 | 3.565 | 0.144 | 3.493-3.637 |
| 31 | 3.747 | 0.138 | 3.668-3.816 |
| 32 | 3.893 | 0.156 | 3.815-3.971 |
| 33 | 4.064 | 0.143 | 3.992-4.135 |
| 34 | 4.156 | 0.065 | 4.124-4.189 |
| 35 | 4.389 | 0.113 | 4.332-4.446 |
| 36 | 4.514 | 0.140 | 4.444-4.584 |
| 37 | 4.647 | 0.144 | 4.575-4.720 |
| 38 | 4.823 | 0.179 | 4.734-4.913 |
| 39 | 4.992 | 0.145 | 4.919-5.064 |
| 40 | 5.139 | 0.122 | 5.078-5.120 |
| 41 | 5.275 | 0.124 | 5.214-5.337 |
| 42 | 8.557 | 0.396 | 8.359-8.755 |
| 43 | 9.711 | 0.509 | 9.457-9.966 |
| 44 | 10.473 | 0.441 | 10.252-10.693 |
| 45 | 10.976 | 0.439 | 10.757-11.196 |
| 46 | 11.929 | 0.421 | 11.719-12.140 |
| 47 | 12.822 | 0.376 | 12.634-13.010 |
| 48 | 13.190 | 0.447 | 12.966-13.413 |
| 49 | 13.661 | 0.587 | 13.368-13.954 |
| 50 | 14.155 | 0.395 | 13.957-14.352 |

Sensor/Aircraft Parameters:

Spectral Bands:

50 (digitized to 16-bit resolution)

IFOV:

2.5 mrad

Ground Resolution:

163 feet (50 meter at 65,000 feet)

Swath Width:

22.9 mi/19.9 nmi (36 km)

Total Scan Angle: Pixels/Scan Line:

85.92°

2 2

716

Scan Rate:

6.25 scans/second

Ground Speed:

400 kts (206 m/second)

Roll Correction:

Plus or minus 3.5 degrees (approx.)

For specific information regarding flight documentation, sensor parameters, and areas of coverage contact the Aircraft Data Facility, NASA-Ames Research Center, Mail Stop 240-6, Moffett Field, California 94035-1000 (Telephone: 415-604-6252). Additional information regarding ER-2 acquired photographic and digital data is also available through the Aircraft Data Facility.

Video Imaging System

The Video Imaging System (VIS) is designed as a visual Line-of -Flight tracker, producing a flight record on standard or Super-VHS, with a selection of ground coverage and image recording intervals. The system consists of a Hitachi KP-C551 Color Camera, A Panasonic AG-6750A Time Lapse Video Recorder, DC/AC Inverter, Control Box, Pressure Suitcase, and a Installation Rack. The system may be configured to acquire natural color or black and white imagery. IRIG-B navigation data is also recorded in flight. The VIS is designed to be installed in either the Pod or Nose of the ER-2 aircraft, using a modified RC-10 Rack. Control circuitry is designed to operate the system using the same controls as the RC-10 camera.

Radiation Measurement System

The Radiation Measurement System (RAMS) is an integrated system of several radiometers. The system provides airborne measurements to support analysis and theoretical calculations of cloud properties and radiation fields and to provide validation of satellite radiance measurements. The airborne instruments consist of the following:

- 1. an electrically calibrated pyroelectric radiometer for hemispherical, broad spectral bandpass, radiative flux measurements in the solar spectral region (0.26 to 2.6 mm). This radiometer has two detectors;
- 2. an IR net flux radiometer (rotating) radiometer covering the spectral range from 5 to 40 mm;
- 3. a narrow field-of-view, narrow spectral bandpass IR radiometer (2 channels in the 5 to 40 mm region). This radiometer uses a liquid nitrogen cooled black body reference. This instrument provides upwelling infrared intensities above cloud; and
- 4. a total-direct-diffuse multichannel narrow spectral bandpass (about 5 to 10 nm) flux radiometer. This radiometer is used for optical depth determinations and direct/diffuse ratios.

Additional information regarding ER-2 acquired photographic and digital data is available through the Aircraft Data Facility at Ames Research Center. For specific information regarding flight documentation, sensor parameters, and areas of coverage contact the Aircraft Data Facility, NASA-Ames Research Center, Mail Stop 240-6, Moffett Field, California 94035-1000 (Telephone: 415-604-6252).

