FLIGHT SUMMARY REPORT

Flight Number:

93-130

Calendar/Julian Date: 05 July 1993 • 186

Sensor Package:

Wild-Heerbrug RC-10 Airborne Visible and Infrared Imaging Spectrometer (AVIRIS) Modis Airborne Simulator (MAS) Electro-Optic Camera System (EOC)

Area(s) Covered:

New England

Investigator(s): Aber, U. of New Hampshire

Aircraft #: 708

SENSOR DATA

Accession #:	04584	turag		
Sensor ID #:	034	099	108	111
Sensor Type:	RC-10	AVIRIS	MAS	EOC
Focal Length:	12" 304.66 mm	GEOCE	•=== •	
Film Type:	High Definition Aerochrome IR SO-131			
Filtration:	cc.10B			
Spectral Band:	510-900 nm			
f Stop:	4	0===0		
Shutter Speed:	1/150			
# of Frames:	98			
% Overlap:	60		27860	
Quality:	Good		Fair	
Remarks:	Filter wrinkled, data blurred, camera clock offset 10.15 seconds from navigation data		Data offset 10.07 minut from naviga data	

Airborne Science and Applications Program

The Airborne Science and Applications Program (ASAP) is supported by three ER-2 high altitude Earth Resources Survey aircraft. These aircraft are operated by the High Altitude Missions Branch at NASA-Ames Research Center, Moffett Field, California. The ER-2s are used as readily deployable high altitude sensor platforms to collect remote sensing and in situ data on earth resources, celestial phenomena, atmospheric dynamics, and oceanic processes. Additionally, these aircraft are used for electronic sensor research and development and satellite investigative support.

The ER-2s are flown from various deployment sites in support of scientific research sponsored by NASA and other federal, state, university, and industry investigators. Data are collected from deployment sites in Kansas, Texas, Virginia, Florida, and Alaska. Cooperative international scientific projects have deployed the aircraft to sites in Great Britain, Australia, Chile, and Norway.

Photographic and digital imaging sensors are flown aboard the ER-2s in support of research objectives defined by the sponsoring investigators. High resolution mapping cameras and digital multispectral imaging sensors are utilized in a variety of configurations in the ER-2s' four pressurized experiment compartments. The following provides a description of the digital multispectral sensor(s) and camera(s) used for data collection during this flight.

Airborne Visible and Infrared Imaging Spectrometer

The Airborne Visible and Infrared Imaging Spectrometer (AVIRIS) is the second in the series of imaging spectrometer instruments developed at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL) for earth remote sensing. This instrument uses scanning optics and four spectrometers to image a 614 pixel swath simultaneously in 224 contiguous spectral bands (0.4-2.4 mm).

AVIRIS parameters are as follows:

IFOV: Ground Resolution: Total Scan Angle: Swath Width: Spectral Coverage: Pixels/Scan Line: Number of Spectral Bands:	1 mrad 66 feet (20 meters) at 65,000 feet 300 5.7 nmi (10.6 km) at 65,000 feet 0.41-2.45 mm 614 224

Spectrometer	Wavelength Range	Number of Bands	Sampling Interval
1 2	0.41 - 0.70 mm 0.68 - 1.27 mm	31	9.4 nm
3	1.25 - 1.86 mm	63 63	9.4 nm 9.7 nm
4	1.84 - 2.45 mm	63	9.7 nm

All AVIRIS data is decommutated and archived at JPL and not currently available for public distribution. For further information contact Rob Green at Jet Propulsion Laboratory, 4800 Oak Grove Drive, Mail Stop 183-501, Pasadena, California 91109-8099.

Modis Airborne Simulator

The Modis Airborne Simulator (MAS) is a modified Daedalus multispectral scanner. It records up to twelve 8-bit channels, which can be selected from an array of fifty available spectral bands. The band selection is made prior to flight and the instrument is hard-wired to that configuration. Channel 1 is used to store additional bits which provide 10-bit resolution for channels 9 through 12. The following MAS band combination (configuration SCARP1) was used on this flight for Smoke, Cloud, and Radiation (SCAR) experiments:

Data System Channel	MAS Channel	Band edges um
3	$\frac{1}{2}$	0.529 - 0.572
4	7	0.635 - 0.688 0.852 - 0.893
5 6	9	0.926 - 0.969
7	15 20	1.855 - 1.905 2.126 - 2.173
8 9*	31	2.126 - 2.173 3.659 - 3.810
10*	42 45	8.342 - 8.738
11*	48	10.791 - 11.239 13.023 - 13.375
12*	46	11.799 - 12.246

^{* 10-}bit resolution

Sensor/Aircraft Parameters:

Spectral Channels: 50

Output Channels: Seven 8-bit and four 10-bit IFOV:

2.5 mrad

Ground Resolution: 163 feet (50 meters at 65,000 feet)

Total Scan Angle: 85,920 Pixels/Scan Line: 716

Scan Rate: 6.25 scans/second Ground Speed: 400 kts (206 m/second)

Roll Correction: Plus or minus 3.5 degrees (approx.)

Electro-Optic Camera System

The NASA-Ames High Definition Electro-Optic Camera System (EOC) is an experimental sensor under development by the High Altitude Missions Branch at NASA-Ames Research Center. The system captures high resolution digitized images from a solid-state video camera and stores the imagery on magnetic tape. System characteristics are as follows:

CCD Video Camera

IFOV: 0.2 mrad

Ground Resolution: 15.8 feet (4.81 meters at 65,000 feet)

Total Scan Angle:

Swath Width: 3.3 nmi (6.2 km) x 2.7 nmi (4.9 km) at 65,000 feet Spectral Coverage:

400-900 nm

Frame Size: 1280 pixels x 1025 pixels Lens (Interchangeable): 28 mm

Shutter Speed:

Selectable f/2.8

Aperture: Filtration:

4 and 6 position filter wheels (4 and 6 spectral filters)

Polarizing Filter

Tracking Capability:

Tilt 45° fore and aft

Data Collection

Frame Rate: Frame Overlap: 1 image every 3 seconds 90% (to 40% w/6 filters)

Data Storage: Capacity:

Tape Cassette 5.0 Gbytes

For additional information contact Ted Hildum at NASA-Ames Research Center, Mail Stop 240-6, Moffett Field, California 94035-1000.

Camera Systems

Various camera systems and films are used for photographic data collection. Film types include high definition color infrared, natural color, and black and white emulsions. Available photographic systems are as follows:

• Wild-Heerbrug RC-10 metric mapping camera

- 9 x 9 inch film format

- 6 inch focal length lens provides area coverage of 16 x 16 nautical miles from 65,000 feet

- 12 inch focal length lens provides area coverage of 8 x 8 nautical miles from 65,000 feet

Hycon HR-732 large scale mapping camera

= 9 x 18 inch film format

- 24 inch focal length lens provides area coverage of 4 x 8 nautical miles from 65,000 feet
- IRIS II Panoramic camera
 - 4.5 x 34.7 inch film format

- 24 inch focal length lens

 90 degree field of view provides area coverage of 2 x 21.4 nautical miles from 65,000 feet

The U.S. Geological Survey's EROS Data Center at Sioux Falls, South Dakota serves as the archive and product distribution facility for NASA-Ames aircraft acquired photographic and digital imagery. For information regarding photography and digital data (including areas of coverage, products, and product costs) contact EROS Data Center, Customer Services, Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57198 (Telephone: 605-594-6151).

Additional information regarding ER-2 acquired photographic and digital data is available through the Aircraft Data Facility at Ames Research Center. For specific information regarding flight documentation, sensor parameters, and areas of coverage contact the Aircraft Data Facility, NASA-Ames Research Center, Mail Stop 240-6, Moffett Field, California 94035-1000 (Telephone: 415-604-6252).

CAMERA FLIGHT LINE DATA FLIGHT NO. 93-130

Accession # 04584

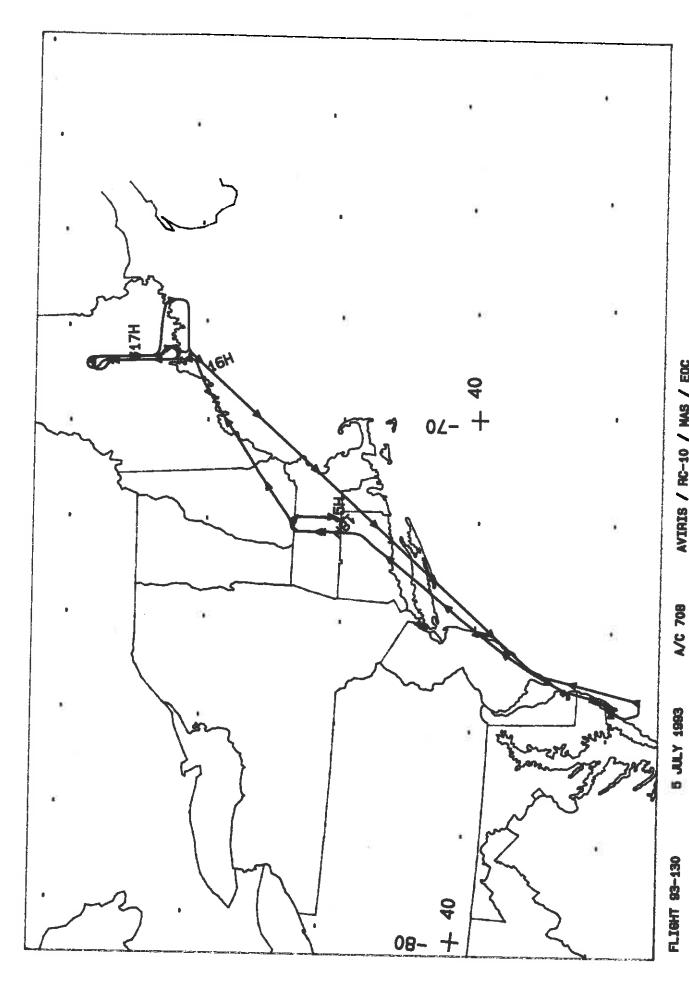
Sensor # 034

Check	Frame	Time (GMT-	-hr, min, sec)	Altitude MSI	
Points	Numbers	START	END	feet/meters	Cloud Cover/Remarks
A - B	8674-8679	14:52:42	14:55:05	65000/19800	10-20% scattered cumulus
A - B	8680-8686	15:07:06	15:09:58	8	10-20% scattered cumulus
B - B	8687-8693	15:21:54	15:24:45	E	10-20% scattered cumulus
Q - D	8694-8705	15:56:23	16:01:37	ž	Clear
п г	8706-8717	16:09:48	16:15:01	•	Clear
C - D	8718-8729	16:22:37	16:27:51	8	Clear
П. П.	8730-8741	16:35:03	16:40:17	ě	Clear
C - D	8742-8753	16:47:09	16:52:24	=	Clear
я	8754-8765	16:59:23	17:04:37	8	Clear
H-9	8766-8771	17:18:21	17:20:43	E	Clear

MAS SCANNER FLIGHT LINE DATA FLIGHT NO. 93-130

DKILDALUS FLICHTI DATA FLICHT NUMBER: 93-150

				2.				
Check Foints	Actual lina (GKI) beginend	Actual scantine begin en d		Altitule fect/meter	Scan Special (rps)	total Bood scantines	total Enterpolestad Scontines	iotal Repaated Stanlines
A - B	19:49:50.0 14:55:18.0	9 46045 58401		51871700059	12,50	4.557	=	-
A-B	15:07:43.0 15:18:14.0	707.48	9 39719	65000/19812 12.50	12,50	1883		
A - B	15:20:47.0 15:25:25.0	57/27 80569 (63000/17/812 12.50	12,50	3456	ū	e
C-D	15:53: 8.0 16:03:18.0	93763 101386		65400/19812 12,50	12.50	7623		=
П	15:08:17.0 15:15:57.0 105143 110374	105148 [10		65000/17812 12.50	12.50	5/43		=
Q-D	16:21:39.0 16:28:47.0 115:47 120493	115147 1204		65000/19812 12,50	12.50	3.846	÷	t =
Ħ.	15:39:20.8 15:41: 5.0 (2565) 12/200	124651 1297		65040/19312	12,50	5050	• =	· =
C-D	16:45:49, 9 16:53:13, 9 133264 139898	133764 1388		63000/19812 12,58	12,54	44.5	₩.	` =
E-F	15:58:57.0 [7:04:50.0 T-2357 14750	1-235/ 1475		65000/17812 12,50	12,50	4554	a	. =
Ð.	17:16: 3.0 17:20:56.0 155935 135598	155/35 11/95/		65.086/19812 12.50	12.50	3664		·



AVIRIS / RC-10 / MAS / EDC

RC-10 / AVIRIS / MAS / EOC

A/C 708

5 JULY 1993

FLIGHT 99-130

F-19

물