FLIGHT SUMMARY REPORT

Flight Number:

93-118

Calendar/Julian Date: 29 August 1993 • 241

Sensor Package:

Wild-Heerbrug RC-10 Airborne Visible and Infrared Imaging Spectrometer (AVIRIS) Airborne Ocean Color Imager (AOCI)

Area(s) Covered:

Canada

Investigator(s): Goodenough, Pacific Forestry Centre

Aircraft #: 709

SENSOR DATA

Accession #:

04621

Sensor ID #:

076

099

090

Sensor Type:

RC-10

AVIRIS

AOCI

Focal Length:

12"

304.89 mm

Film Type:

High Definition Aerochrome IR

SO-131

Filtration:

cc.10B

Spectral Band:

510-900 nm

f Stop:

4

Shutter Speed:

60

1/150

of Frames:

55

% Overlap: Quality:

Excellent

Very good

Remarks:

Camera clock offset 7.5 seconds from

navigation data

Airborne Science and Applications Program

The Airborne Science and Applications Program (ASAP) is supported by three ER-2 high altitude Earth Resources Survey aircraft. These aircraft are operated by the High Altitude Missions Branch at NASA-Ames Research Center, Moffett Field, California. The ER-2s are used as readily deployable high altitude sensor platforms to collect remote sensing and *in situ* data on earth resources, celestial phenomena, atmospheric dynamics, and oceanic processes. Additionally, these aircraft are used for electronic sensor research and development and satellite investigative support.

The ER-2s are flown from various deployment sites in support of scientific research sponsored by NASA and other federal, state, university, and industry investigators. Data are collected from deployment sites in Kansas, Texas, Virginia, Florida, and Alaska. Cooperative international scientific projects have deployed the aircraft to sites in Great Britain, Australia, Chile, and Norway.

Photographic and digital imaging sensors are flown aboard the ER-2s in support of research objectives defined by the sponsoring investigators. High resolution mapping cameras and digital multispectral imaging sensors are utilized in a variety of configurations in the ER-2s' four pressurized experiment compartments. The following provides a description of the digital multispectral sensor(s) and camera(s) used for data collection during this flight.

Airborne Visible and Infrared Imaging Spectrometer

The Airborne Visible and Infrared Imaging Spectrometer (AVIRIS) is the second in the series of imaging spectrometer instruments developed at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL) for earth remote sensing. This instrument uses scanning optics and four spectrometers to image a 614 pixel swath simultaneously in 224 contiguous spectral bands $(0.4-2.4 \, \mu m)$.

AVIRIS parameters are as follows:

IFOV: Ground Resolution: Total Scan Angle: Swath Width: Spectral Coverage: Pixels/Scan Line: Number of Spectral Bands: Digitization: Data Rate:	1 mrad 66 feet (20 meters) at 65,000 feet 30° 5.7 nmi (10.6 km) at 65,000 feet 0.41-2.45 μm 614 224 10-bits 17 MBPS
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Spectrometer	Wavelength Range	Number of Bands	Sampling Interval
1 2 3	0.41 - 0.70 μm 0.68 - 1.27 μm 1.25 - 1.86 μm	31 63 63	9.4 nm 9.4 nm 9.7 nm
4	1.84 - 2.45 μm	63	9.7 nm

All AVIRIS data is decommutated and archived at JPL and not currently available for public distribution. For further information contact Rob Green at Jet Propulsion Laboratory, 4800 Oak Grove Drive, Mail Stop 183-501, Pasadena, California 91109-8099.

Airborne Ocean Color Imager

The Airborne Ocean Color Imager (AOCI) is a high altitude multispectral scanner designed for oceanographic remote sensing. It provides 10-bit digitization of eight bands in the visible/near-infrared region of the spectrum, plus two 8-bit bands in the near and thermal infrared. The bandwidths are as follows:

Channel	Wavelength, um
1	0.436 - 0.455
2	0.481 - 0.501
3	0.511 - 0.531
4	0.554 - 0.575
5	0.610 - 0.631
6	0.655 - 0.676
7	0.741 - 0.800
8	0.831 - 0.897
9	0.989 - 1.054
10	8.423 - 12.279

Sensor/aircraft parameters are as follows:

IFOV: 2.5 mrad	
2.5 111 au	

Ground Resolution:	163 feet (50 meters) at 65,000 feet
Total Scan Angle:	950

Total Beatl Wildie:	92 ₀
Swath Width:	19.6 nmi (36.3 km) at 65,000 feet
Divels/Scon Lines	71/

Pixeis/Scan Line:	716
Scan Rate:	6.25 scans/second
Ground Speed:	400 kts (206 m/second)
Digitization:	8-bit channels 9-10
	10-bit channels 1-8

Camera Systems

Various camera systems and films are used for photographic data collection. Film types include high definition color infrared, natural color, and black and white emulsions. Available photographic systems are as follows:

- Wild-Heerbrug RC-10 metric mapping camera
 - 9 x 9 inch film format
 - 6 inch focal length lens provides area coverage of 16 x 16 nautical miles from 65,000 feet
 - 12 inch focal length lens provides area coverage of 8 x 8 nautical miles from 65,000 feet
- Hycon HR-732 large scale mapping camera
 - 9 x 18 inch film format
 - 24 inch focal length lens provides area coverage of 4 x 8 nautical miles from 65,000 feet
- IRIS II Panoramic camera
 - 4.5 x 34.7 inch film format
 - 24 inch focal length lens

- 90 degree field of view provides area coverage of 2 x 21.4 nautical miles from 65,000 feet

The U.S. Geological Survey's EROS Data Center at Sioux Falls, South Dakota serves as the archive and product distribution facility for NASA-Ames aircraft acquired photographic and digital imagery. For information regarding photography and digital data (including areas of coverage, products, and product costs) contact EROS Data Center, Customer Services, Sioux Falls, South Dakota 57198 (Telephone: 605-594-6151).

For specific information regarding flight documentation, sensor parameters, and areas of coverage contact the Aircraft Data Facility, NASA-Ames Research Center, Mail Stop 240-6, Moffett Field, California 94035-1000 (Telephone: 415-604-6252). Additional information regarding ER-2 acquired photographic and digital data is also available through the Aircraft Data Facility.

CAMERA FLIGHT LINE DATA FLIGHT NO. 93-118

04621 Accession #

Sensor #

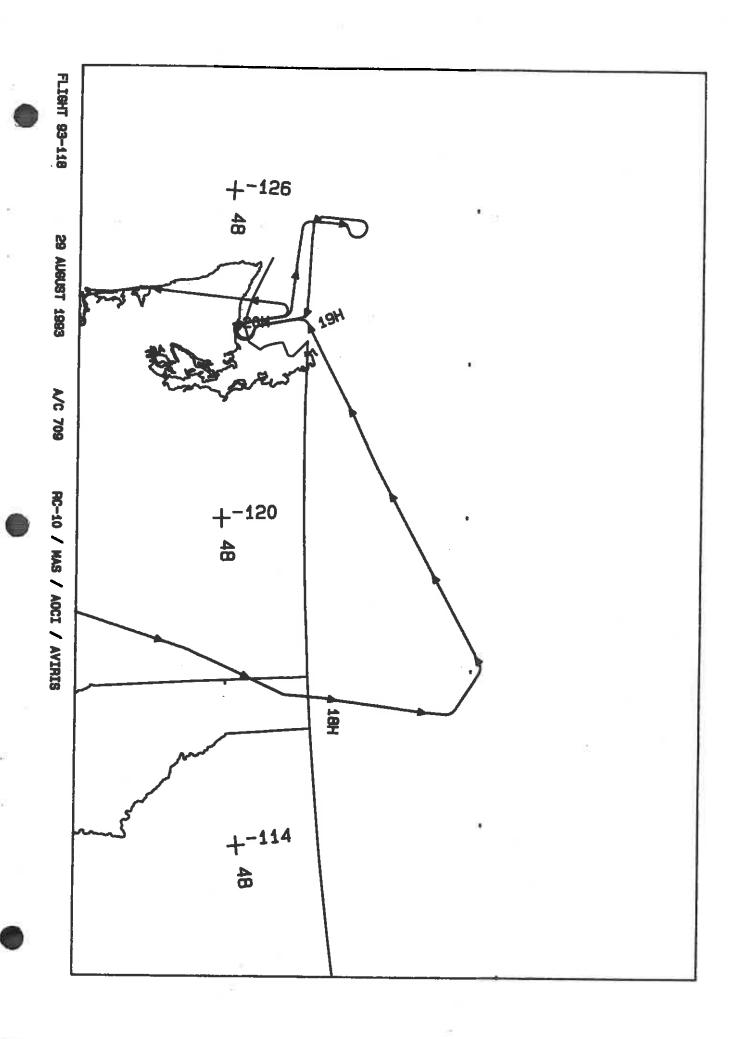
920

Check Points	Frame	Time (GMT-) START	Time (GMT-hr, min, sec) START END	Altitude, MSL feet/meters	Cloud Cover/Remarks
A - B	0626-0634	18:14:42	18:18:27	65000/19800	30-50% cumulus
C - D	0635-0643	19:02:53	19:06:10	=	Clear
E-F	0644-0651	19:11:49	19:15:06	*	Thin cirrus (frames 0644-0645)
G-H	0652-0658	19:27:31	19:30:20	E	Minor-10% cumulus (frames 0654-0658)
ر - ا	0659-0665	19:36:40	19:39:29	ı	Minor-10% cumulus (frames 0660-0665)
C-D	0666-0672	19:52:44	19:55:34	2	Clear
E - F	0673-0680	20:02:18	20:05:36	F	Very thin cirrus (frame 0673); minor
					cumulus (frames 0675-0677)
		,			
					17

MAS SCANNER FLIGHT LINE DATA FLIGHT NO. 93-118

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Q-D	19:02:43,8 19:06: 9,8 - 72041 73:528	72011	7,5438	\$3000/19812	6.25	8621	3	9
E-F	19:11:42.0 19:15: 8.0	75407 76654	76554	6:400/19812	6.25	33/1	9	=
н-5	12522516.0 12530111.0	अन्त्र क्षत्रक्ष	135725	53000/19312	6.25	8691	=	9
7.	19:36:11:,0 19:39:25.6	20248 +197 8	20348	6.000/19812	6.25	1188	:3	
C-D	19:51:50.0 19:55:51.0	20435 21331	71571	55000/17812	6.25	153/	=	⇒
E-F	20:01: 4.0 20:05:33.6	93920 95603	5,094,6	6.4666/19812	6.25	1644	3	9



ONC E-15

RC-10 / AVIRES

A/C 709

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