FLIGHT SUMMARY REPORT

Flight Number:

93-049

Calendar/Julian Date: 31 March 1993 • 090

Sensor Package:

Airborne Ocean Color Imager (AOCI)

Area(s) Covered:

Santa Barbara Coast

Investigator(s): Functional Sensor Flight

Aircraft #: 708

SENSOR DATA

Accession #:

Sensor ID #:

090

Sensor Type:

AOCI

Focal Length:

Film Type:

Filtration:

Spectral Band:

f Stop:

Shutter Speed:

of Frames:

% Overlap:

Quality:

Excellent

Remarks:

Airborne Science and Applications Program

The Airborne Science and Applications Program (ASAP) is supported by three ER-2 high altitude Earth Resources Survey aircraft. These aircraft are operated by the High Altitude Missions Branch at NASA-Ames Research Center, Moffett Field, California. The ER-2s are used as readily deployable high altitude sensor platforms to collect remote sensing and *in situ* data on earth resources, celestial phenomena, atmospheric dynamics, and oceanic processes. Additionally, these aircraft are used for electronic sensor research and development and satellite investigative support.

The ER-2s are flown from various deployment sites in support of scientific research sponsored by NASA and other federal, state, university, and industry investigators. Data are collected from deployment sites in Kansas, Texas, Virginia, Florida, and Alaska. Cooperative international scientific projects have deployed the aircraft to sites in Great Britain, Australia, Chile, and Norway.

Photographic and digital imaging sensors are flown aboard the ER-2s in support of research objectives defined by the sponsoring investigators. High resolution mapping cameras and digital multispectral imaging sensors are utilized in a variety of configurations in the ER-2s' four pressurized experiment compartments. The following provides a description of the digital multispectral sensor(s) and camera(s) used for data collection during this flight.

Airborne Ocean Color Imager

The Airborne Ocean Color Imager (AOCI) is a high altitude multispectral scanner designed for oceanographic remote sensing. It provides 10-bit digitization of eight bands in the visible/near-infrared region of the spectrum, plus two 8-bit bands in the near and thermal infrared. The bandwidths are as follows:

<u>Channel</u>	Wavelength, um		
1	0.436 - 0.455		
2	0.481 - 0.501		
3	0.511 - 0.531		
4	0.554 - 0.575		
5	0.610 - 0.631		
6	0.655 - 0.676		
7	0.741 - 0.800		
8	0.831 - 0.897		
9	0.989 - 1.054		
10	8.423 - 12.279		

Sensor/aircraft parameters are as follows:

IFOV: 2.5 mrad

Ground Resolution: 163 feet (50 meters) at 65,000 feet

Total Scan Angle: 8,

Swath Width: 19.6 nmi (36.3 km) at 65,000 feet

Pixels/Scan Line: 716

Scan Rate: 6.25 scans/second Ground Speed: 400 kts (206 m/second)

Digitization: 8-bit channels 9-10

10-bit channels 1-8

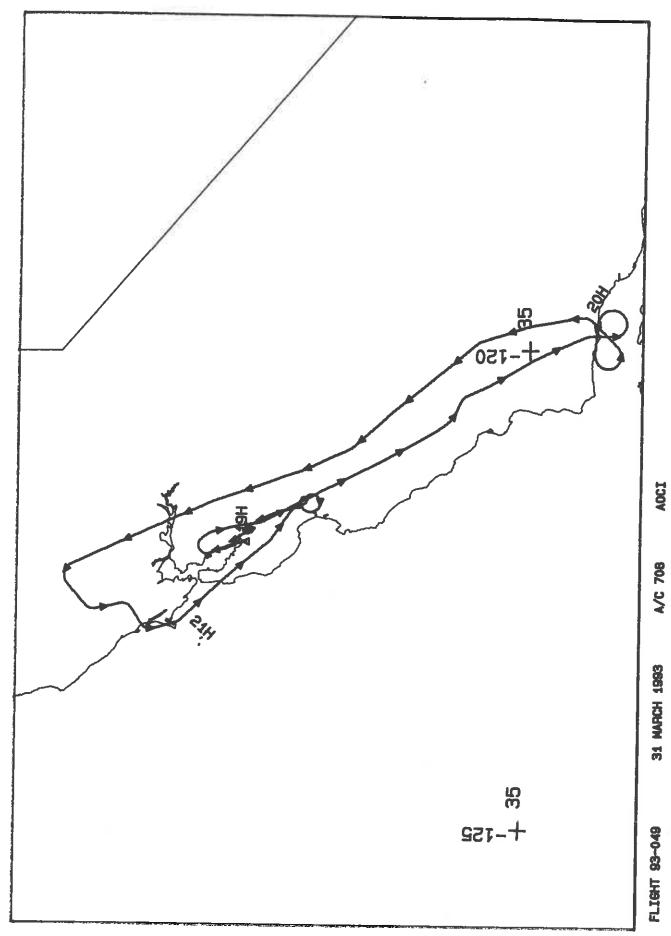
Information on data tape format, logical record format, and scanner calibration data may be obtained from the Aircraft Data Facility, NASA-Ames Research Center, Mail Stop 240-6, Moffett Field, California 94035-1000 (Telephone: 415-604-6252).

Additional information regarding ER-2 acquired photographic, digital data, specific information regarding flight documentation, sensor parameters, and areas of coverage are also available through the Aircraft Data Facility.

AOCI SCANNER FLIGHT LINE DATA FLIGHT NO. 93-049

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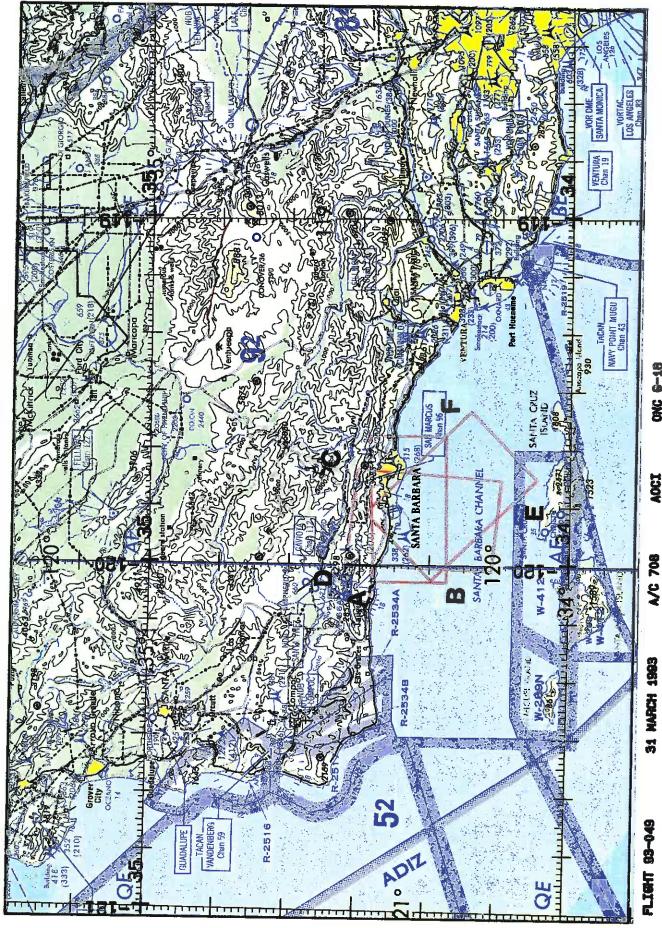
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